

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1904.  
Snow and warmer to-day; fair and colder to-morrow.

## MURDERED IN HIS OFFICE.

G. R. JENNINGS SHOT BY MAN WHO HAD THREATENED HIM.

An Employee Saw McNamara Fire the Shot and Then Place the Revolver in the Dying Man's Hand to Indicate Suicide—Jealousy the Cause, Perhaps.

George R. Jennings, 40 years old, president of the Jennings Adjustable Shade Company, which has a factory at 105 Liberty street, Brooklyn, was shot and almost instantly killed at the factory yesterday afternoon, by Frank McNamara, 43 years old, of 922 Hale avenue, Elgin, Ill. Jennings was a captain in the Fourteenth Regiment, N. G., N. Y., in the Spanish-American War, acting as commissary. He was a brother-in-law of Col. Adolph L. Kline, commander of the Fourteenth Regiment, and an Alderman from one of the Prospect Heights districts. McNamara describes himself as foreman of the finishing department of the Elgin Watch Company.

McNamara entered the factory at about 4:30 o'clock and walked directly to the office of President Jennings on the second floor. The room is used but very little, and at the opening of the door an alarm bell rang on the floor above to notify Manager Frank Hughes. Hughes went downstairs and was about to enter the office when he saw McNamara level a pistol at Jennings, say the latter raise his right arm and heard him say: "Mac, you're wrong."

A second shot was fired and Jennings fell from his chair. Hughes, almost paralyzed at what he saw, stood watching the murderer. The latter, he says, walked deliberately to the body of his victim and placed the revolver in Jennings's right hand. As McNamara walked toward the door, Hughes ran up the stairs and summoned Adolph Sterk, treasurer of the company. The two men followed McNamara to the street, where Sterk recognized him and told Hughes to follow him until a policeman could be found to arrest him.

Hughes and a former employee, John Madden, chased McNamara, and when he was overtaken Hughes tripped him up and sat upon him until the arrival of Roundsmen Yost of the Adams street station.

Sterk returned to the president's office and found Jennings lying where he had fallen. Sterk tried to get the dying man to make a statement, but he was unable to speak. He died before the arrival of Ambulance Surgeon Smith of the Brooklyn Hospital. It was only after a very lengthy examination that Dr. Smith was able to locate the spot where the bullet had entered the body, there being no blood and only a very small hole under the right arm to indicate it. He found that the bullet had passed through the lungs and passing through the heart, had lodged under the skin in the left side.

At the Adams street station McNamara denied that he had done the shooting. He said that he was in the office with Jennings, but that he had been there to collect money due him and had left to get a glass of beer. While walking up the street, he said, he was set upon by two men, and he was defending himself when he was arrested. He declined to tell anything about his business with Jennings, saying that he had the right to wait the advice of counsel before going into any explanations.

The prisoner said he had a wife and eight children at Elgin, Ill. He declared that he was formerly a resident of Brooklyn and had been connected with the Fay Watch Company, working for many years in their factory at Sag Harbor, L. I. Two years ago he went to Elgin and became foreman of the finishing department of the Elgin Watch Company.

About a year ago McNamara came on from Elgin and stopped at Smith & McNeill's Hotel in this borough. He drank heavily and talked excitedly of domestic troubles. During these outbreaks he was in the habit of accusing Capt. Jennings of intimacy with his wife. On March 3 last he was found in bed in the hotel with a rubber tube, which was attached to a gas jet, in his mouth. In his right hand he grasped a revolver, which was pressed to his side. He was taken to the Hudson street hospital, where he said that he was tired of life and wanted to die. When he found that he was getting well he told the doctors that he would "do Jennings at the first opportunity, or die." He was released and left town. He was not seen again in this city until yesterday, when he entered President Jennings's office.

"McNamara was insanely jealous of Jennings, alleging that he had been too friendly with his wife," said Adolph Sterk last night. "But I am sure that his jealousy had nothing to do with the shooting. I have known both men for several years. McNamara loaned the company a certain sum of money, for which we gave our notes. It was understood that the notes were not to be discounted. Soon after he reached Elgin he put the notes in a bank and caused us much annoyance."

"A year ago he came to us and demanded his money. He was drunk and we refused to have anything to do with him at the time. The next day he came in again. We decided to get rid of him, and took him to our attorney, former District Attorney James W. Ridgeway. He signed a receipt for \$750, the amount of his claim against us, and we paid him his money. Two or three days later came the episode in the hotel in Manhattan."

Frank Hughes, the only witness to the shooting, told Police Captain Harkins that he had never seen McNamara before the shooting and knew nothing of his relations with the murdered man. He said:

"I saw McNamara shoot Jennings and notified Mr. Sterk, being afraid to tackle him alone. I thought he might have a knife, and if I went at him he would be more than I could handle alone. The minute Mr. Sterk saw the man running down the stairs he said: 'Why, that's McNamara.' Then he said: 'Go after him, he has done Jennings up, without a doubt.' I ran down the street after McNamara, who was just turning into High street, when I tripped him up and sat upon him."

George R. Jennings, Jr., the fifteen-year-old son of the dead man, told Capt. Harkins that he had frequently heard his father say that McNamara had threatened to kill him. He was in the building when the shooting occurred, and was one of the first to reach his father's side. He immediately ran to the street and found Roundsmen Yost, who arrived on the scene just at the moment that Hughes tripped the man and sat upon him.

Capt. Jennings has a good record in the Spanish-American War. He was among

## TO COMPEL ORDER IN DOMINGO

DRASTIC MEASURES TO BE TAKEN BY THIS GOVERNMENT.

Congress May Be Asked for Authority to Land Troops to Prevent Further Outrages on Americans—Neither a Protectorate Nor Annexation Thought Of.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The Administration's plan for stopping once and for all the condition of virtual anarchy prevailing in Santo Domingo has progressed far enough in preparation to be practically ready for launching. Patience, it is declared, has at last ceased to be a virtue in the dealings of the United States with the disorderly republic, and there is additional ground for drastic measures in the fact that some foreign Governments, under duress to be England and Germany, have hinted that it is about time for the United States to do something, which is taken to mean that if that something is not done by the Washington Administration they will do it themselves.

One of the best known advisers of the President said today that he regarded it as useless to attempt to remedy one at a time every outrage committed against American citizens by the Dominicans, and it was therefore the intention of the Government to settle them in bulk by measures which should have a lasting effect. For that reason no extraordinary measures would be taken now to secure redress for the killing of Machinist Johnson of the Yankee and the forcible entry into the United States consulate at Samana by Dominican insurgents. A terrible indictment was piling up against Santo Domingo, it was asserted, and this would be presented in bulk and not in separate counts at different times, and the showing would be sufficient to justify action of a drastic nature.

It is understood that the Administration has not determined upon the exact course it will pursue in initiating its Santo Domingo policy. One idea is to present to Congress a statement of the outrages perpetrated upon Americans and other foreigners in that country, with a review of the many political disturbances, and request authority of Congress to land armed forces and maintain order. It is probable that this idea will prevail. Regular army regiments may be necessary for the work, as there are not enough marines available to do it thoroughly.

One of the principal causes of irritation here over the Santo Domingo situation is a belief that the present government, so-called, is giving the insurgents every opportunity of injuring American property and affronting the United States, in the hope that this Government will be forced to annex the country. This belief is borne out to some extent by the knowledge that Señor Sanchez, the Dominican representative in Washington, was sent here to urge that an American protectorate be declared over Santo Domingo, so that the country may be developed by American capital.

But Santo Domingo is not wanted for any purpose, and the President and his advisers are understood to be hostile to the suggestion of a protectorate, let alone annexation. It has no selfish purpose in view in its intention to establish law and order in the Dominican Republic. It intends to act soon. The final vote on the Panama Canal treaty will be taken next Tuesday, and with the treaty ratified there will be something done in Santo Domingo very soon thereafter.

Already the vessels of the Atlantic training squadron are returning to the vicinity of the disturbances. The Hartford left Kingston, Jamaica, to-day for Santo Domingo City, and the Minneapolis, flagship of Rear Admiral Wise, and the Yankee left Guantanamo yesterday for Port au Prince, in the neighboring Republic of Hayti.

**MGovern NOT AN EXPERT.**  
Not Allowed to Tell a Court That a Boxing Bout Is Not a Boxing Bout.

SCRANTON, Pa., Feb. 18.—In this city today Terry McGovern, who is now showing here, was called before a court to give his testimony as to what constitutes a boxing bout and a physical culture exhibition. He was subpoenaed by the defense in the case of Manager Herrington of the Star Theatre, who was seeking to secure his discharge from the custody of the Sheriff by habeas corpus proceedings.

Herrington had been arrested on the previous evening for giving what was called a physical culture exhibition, for which he charged about three times the usual prices of his house. There stands on the statute books of Pennsylvania an ancient special law making boxing for an admission fee a crime in this and several adjoining counties. This law was hunted up by the local Christian Endeavor Society and the Sheriff was forced, under its provisions, to arrest Herrington, after the manager had invited the Sheriff to the theatre to see the exhibition.

In court the attorney for Herrington provided himself with a huge armful of sporting works and also subpoenaed McGovern to convince the Court that a boxing bout, where the contestants gave each other bloody noses, was merely a physical culture display and not a boxing bout. The Court listened to a recital of the authorities, but refused to listen to McGovern, and at the end of the case insisted that Herrington be held in jail to answer at court.

**GOT MORAN'S DIAMOND PIN.**  
Mayor Low's Assistant Secretary Gets Two of Three Thieves.

William J. Moran, who was Mayor Low's assistant secretary, was riding uptown on the back platform of a Seventh avenue car last evening to his home at 75 Riverside avenue, when three young men pushed against him and compelled him to take his cigar out of his mouth so as to recover his breath. The car soon reached Forty-fourth street and the three men started to get off.

"Say," said an elderly man to Mr. Moran, "one of those fellows just stuck a newspaper under your chin. Did they take anything from you?"

Mr. Moran felt for his diamond scarf-pin, didn't find it, and jumped off. He caught two of the three men. The other one got away, and so did the pin. The prisoners, whom Mr. Moran delivered to Policeman Eriman, and who were locked up at the West Forty-seventh street station, said that they were George Worth and Frank Smith.

The police say that their pictures are in the rogues' gallery.

**BURNED'S VANILLA EXTRACT.**  
Used and highly endorsed by all leading hotels.

## 800 ALBANIANS SLAIN BY TURKS.

Deslagers of Babajoshi Driven Off With Heavy Loss.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
SALONICA, Feb. 18.—Reinforcements have reached Babajoshi, where 2,500 Turkish troops under Shemsi Pacha were besieged by Albanians. The Turks routed the besiegers, killing or wounding 800 of them, and themselves losing heavily.

**PROMISE FROM BULGARIA.**  
Will Follow Peaceful Course Regarding the Macedonian Reform.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
SOFIA, Feb. 18.—Prince Ferdinand, at an audience given to Mr. Buchanan, the new British representative, declared that Bulgaria would not decide in the slightest degree from a correct pacific line of conduct in reference to the reforms for Macedonia.

She had already furnished sufficient proof of her intention in this respect. The Government would do its utmost to assist the work of humanity and civilization.

**PRESSING THE JEWS.**  
Russian Restrictions in Poland Drawn Tighter.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
LONDON, Feb. 18.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Jewish Chronicle says he learns that the Government is increasing the persecution of the Jews in Russian Poland and is tightening the restrictions upon them.

He states that there are more than 500,000 Jews outside the pale, few of whom will be able to remain if the restrictions are enforced. It is feared that terrible and unexampled emigration will result.

**MISS FAMILTON PARTLY FREE.**  
Court Annuls One of Her Two Marriages—Other May Be Set Aside.

Justice Garretson in the Supreme Court, Long Island City, yesterday annulled the marriage of Margaret Jane FAMILTON and Edward J. Roache, formerly a member of the Engineer Corps at Wilets Point. The suit was brought by William Henry FAMILTON of Whiteside, the girl's father.

Miss FAMILTON was married to Roache on Oct. 12, 1903, by the Rev. Francis J. Snyder at 317 Second avenue, Manhattan. On the day before she had been married to Frederick SUGDEN KIRKMAN of Flushing by the Rev. E. L. Thorp of Manhattan. The suit was brought on the ground that the girl, who is only 20 years old, was not of legal age and had not received the consent of her parents.

Miss FAMILTON testified that she had not lived with Roache, but had returned to her father's home immediately after the ceremony was performed. After hearing the evidence, Justice Garretson announced that he would grant a decree annulling the marriage with Roache.

Another action will be begun for the annulment of the marriage to Kirkman. Kirkman is said to be out of the State, and notice will have to be served by publication. He is only 19 years old, so it is expected that there will be no difficulty in having that marriage also set aside. Miss FAMILTON was arrested on Oct. 19 last on a charge of bigamy made by Kirkman, and was found guilty, but sentence was suspended.

**WOULD INSTRUCT GORMAN.**  
Resolution in Maryland's Legislature Favoring the Panama Treaty.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Feb. 18.—State Senator McCullough threw a firebrand among his Democratic colleagues to-day when he introduced a joint resolution calling upon Senators Gorman and McComas to support the Panama treaty. While the resolutions were being read Senator Gorman's son, who is State Senator from Howard, hurried to the clerk's desk and listened intently.

Senator McCullough explained that this was not a political, but an industrial question, and that other Southern States had taken similar action.

"This resolution," he continued, "will mean more to the city of Baltimore than any legislation we can adopt at this session, and ratification of the treaty will mean more to the South than any legislation Congress can adopt."

Senator Moore moved to lay the resolution on the table, and after a spirited debate, in which Senator Lewis attacked the national Administration, the motion was carried by a strict party vote.

**J. MALCOLM FORBES ILL.**  
Two Surgical Operations Performed on the Well Known Yachtsman.

BOZTON, Feb. 18.—J. Malcolm Forbes, prominent business circles of Boston and of national reputation as a yachtsman and an owner of fast harness horses, is critically ill at his home in Milton. He is reported to be suffering from an internal malady and from the effects of two surgical operations.

Mr. Forbes has been sick for several weeks, but it was not thought that he was in a dangerous condition until a week or more ago. Then it was decided that an operation would be necessary, and one was performed by Dr. Maurice H. Richardson and Dr. Lane of Boston on Monday. This operation was apparently successful, and Mr. Forbes seemed to rally from it in a satisfactory manner. On Tuesday, however, new complications set in, and another operation was required yesterday. This afternoon's report from Mr. Forbes's home is that the improvement continues and that he is more comfortable.

**SUES HOWARD GOULD.**  
Woman Hurt in a Runaway, Says His Big Was in Bad Condition.

Abbie T. Strickland has begun an action against Howard Gould and his wife to recover \$5,000 damages for personal injuries sustained on May 15, 1901, in Port Washington. She alleges that a carriage was sent to the depot to carry her to the Gould summer home, and that the horse ran away, overturning the carriage and throwing her out. She declares that the accident was due to the negligence of the defendants in maintaining such an outfit.

The horse, she declares, was nervous and the carriage in bad condition. In the Supreme Court in Brooklyn, yesterday, Lawyer Abe Hummel moved for the appointment of a commission to take the testimony of Mr. and Mrs. Gould at Palm Beach, Fla., where they are at present.

Justice Marcan granted the motion, but said there must be no delay.

## HANNA'S LAST TWO LETTERS.

ONE WAS TO THE PRESIDENT, THE OTHER TO GOV. HERRICK.

The One to Roosevelt Was Written by Mr. Hanna on His Death Bed—The Letter to Gov. Herrick Requested Him to See That Ohio Instructed for Roosevelt.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Republicans who are influential in Administration circles spoke to-night of the last two letters written by Senator Hanna. One, they said, was to President Roosevelt, and was more in the nature of a personal note and was written by Mr. Hanna on his death bed. The other was to Gov. Myron T. Herrick of Ohio and was of a political character.

The story concerning the personal note of Senator Hanna to the President is as follows: A few days after Senator Hanna took to his bed, never to leave it alive, President Roosevelt called at the Senator's apartments in the Arlington Hotel to inquire as to his condition, and was received by Mrs. Hanna. The President asked solicitously of Mrs. Hanna as to the health of her husband, and Mrs. Hanna informed the President of her husband's real condition.

Leaving the President in the parlor of the apartments, Mrs. Hanna went to her husband's sick room and told him that the President had called to inquire about him and to wish for him a sound and quick recovery. Senator Hanna was quite conscious and yet very feeble, but he was greatly pleased at the President's visit and asked his wife to hand him a pad, saying that he wanted to write the President a note.

Senator Hanna, in a hand enfeebled by a prostrating illness and yet with a grit which was one of his striking characteristics, wrote: "My Dear Mr. President," and then, in a few words, informed the President how deeply touched he was that he should call to ask after his health. This little note Mrs. Hanna, on her return to the parlor, handed to the President, who quickly read it and remarked how deeply touched he was himself that Senator Hanna should, from his sick bed, send him such a gentle message. "These are the last lines Senator Hanna ever wrote."

The letter to Gov. Herrick, according to the well informed Administration Republicans, was written a few days before. In this letter, it is asserted, Senator Hanna urged Gov. Herrick to do everything possible to avoid friction in Ohio and to see to it that the delegation from the State to the national convention was instructed to vote for President Roosevelt's nomination.

**KING LAUDS EARL ROBERTS.**  
Special Army Order Thanking Him for His Service to the Empire.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
LONDON, Feb. 18.—The King has issued a special army order bidding farewell to Field Marshal Earl Roberts upon his retiring from active employment as Commander-in-Chief of his Majesty's forces, and thanking him for the invaluable services he has rendered the empire. The order concludes:

"I ask all ranks of the army to profit by the example of his illustrious career and single minded devotion to his sovereign and country."

**JAMESON FOR PREMIER.**  
Leader of Famous Transvaal Raid to Form Cape Colony Cabinet.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
CAPE TOWN, Feb. 18.—Sir John Gordon Sprigg, the Premier of Cape Colony, who was defeated in the recent Parliamentary election, has resigned the Premiership.

Dr. Leander Starr Jameson, who led the famous outlander raid against the Boers of the Transvaal in 1895, and who is now a member for Kimberley and leader of the Progressive party, has been summoned to form a new Cabinet.

**LOOP-THE-LOOP FALL FATAL.**  
Young Woman Hurt in Madrid Last Month Dies in Hospital.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
MADRID, Feb. 18.—The young woman known as Mina Alix, who was injured at the Parish Circus here on Jan. 24 while attempting to loop the loop in an automobile, died to-day.

The original Mina Alix gave up this feat after being hurt in an accident and returned to New York. The woman now dead in Madrid took her place and name.

**Gov. Sewell of Guam Ill.**  
Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
HONOLULU, Feb. 18.—Commander William Sewell, U. S. N., Governor of Guam, has arrived here on a naval supply ship, which left Guam last Saturday. He is returning to his home in the United States on account of illness, caused by the tropical climate. His condition is so serious that he may be obliged to delay his trip to San Francisco.

**Gompers in Porto Rico.**  
Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
SAN JUAN, P. R., Feb. 18.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, arrived here last night, and was received by the Federation of Labor. He made an address to them, and a grand mass meeting under the auspices of the federation is being arranged. Mr. Gompers will make a tour of the island.

**Selling Cuban Bonds at 96 1-2.**  
Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
HAYANA, Feb. 18.—H. Upmann & Co., bankers here, who are interested with Speyer & Co. of New York, in the \$35,000,000 Cuban loan, are selling the bonds at 96 1/2, which is an advance of 6 on the issue price.

**Kaiser's Trip to the Mediterranean.**  
Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
BERLIN, Feb. 18.—The Kaiser will leave for the Mediterranean on March 4. The Empress will not accompany him owing, it is reported, to indisposition.

**Wouldn't Sit Beside a Negro Girl.**  
INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 18.—Paul Merrill, who is taking a post graduate course at the city high school, has been suspended by a teacher because he refused to sit beside a negro girl. Friends of the boy appealed to the principal, but he refused to intervene, saying that it was a case of discipline. The matter will be taken before Supt. Kendall, and if he decides against the youth an appeal will be made to the school board.

## FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER OUT?

M. Delcasse Tired of Attacks on the Franco-Russian Alliance.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
LONDON, Feb. 19.—The Paris correspondent of the Chronicle says that M. Delcasse, French Minister of Foreign Affairs, had tendered his resignation owing to the attack in connection with the Franco-Russian alliance and the Siam negotiations.

President Loubet, the correspondent adds, has requested M. Delcasse to reconsider his action.

M. Delcasse has been under fire for some time, and it has been predicted that M. Hanotaux, former Foreign Minister, would return to his old post. He is more pro-Russian than M. Delcasse.

**SENATOR CARRIED A GUN.**  
Colleagues Didn't Know Until It Fell Out of His Clothes and Shot Him.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 18.—Senator J. F. Porter of Webster county is confined to his room suffering from a pistol wound inflicted, by accident, from his own weapon. Senator Porter dropped the weapon from his hip pocket to the floor in his room while removing his clothes to retire, and the weapon was discharged, the ball taking effect in his leg, penetrating the calf of the leg below the knee.

The wound is not serious and he is expected to be out within ten days or two weeks. Senator Porter is serving his second term and has previously served a term in the House. The accident caused surprise among his colleagues, who did not know he had firearms in his possession.

**PATTI WOULDN'T SING.**  
Cancels Her Syracuse Engagement Because Less Than \$1,000 Was in Box Office.

SYRACUSE, Feb. 18.—Mrs. Adelina Patti failed to sing at the Alhambra here to-night because of the small sale of seats, there being less than \$1,000 in the box office. Her manager, Mr. Suckling, cancelled the performance late this afternoon when it was apparent that the singer would have to appear before almost empty benches.

Mr. Suckling said: "Mrs. Patti has never yet had to appear before empty seats and she does not propose to begin in Syracuse. Even if she was willing to sing I would not allow it."

Mrs. Patti and company have been here for two days preparing for the concert. She will stay here until Saturday and will then go to Scranton, Pa.

**\$1,224,000 IN PENSIONS.**  
The Pennsylvania Railroad Has Paid That Amount in Four Years.

The statistics of the Pennsylvania Railroad pension department, compiled as of Dec. 31, 1903, show that in the four years of its operation there has been paid in pension allowances to retired employees of the company, the sum of \$1,224,087.50, made up each year as follows: 1903, \$359,374.32; 1902, \$328,403.10; 1901, \$292,200.20, and 1900, \$244,109.97. The above expenditure does not include the expense of operation of the department, which is borne by the company.

In the four years application of the pension plan, 2,126 employees have been retired as pensioners from the active service of the company, of which number 527 have died. Of the total number retired, 456 were between the ages of 65 and 69 years, of whom 348 were retired on their own request with the approval of the employing officer.

**SHIP AFIRE IN A GALE.**  
Hamburg-American Liner Pallanza Has Excellent Voyage, but Is Safe in Port.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 18.—The Hamburg-American steamer Pallanza reached port this afternoon with a record of three hurricanes and a fire in her forward hatch to mark a voyage which, the captain says, was the most tempestuous he has experienced since he went to sea, forty years ago.

The Pallanza left Hamburg on Jan. 19. After weathering two severe storms the steamer put into the Azores Feb. 2, where repairs were made.

On Monday last the third storm broke over the steamer, and as it raged fire was discovered in the forward hatch. The compartment was sealed up, steam was introduced and in three hours the flames were extinguished.

**COL. THEODORE BRUBACK KILLED.**  
Wealthy Mine Owner and Railroad Man of Utah Was a Fatal Fall.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Feb. 18.—Col. Theodore Bruback, president of the San Pedro Valley Railroad, and a wealthy mine operator, was killed this afternoon in the Daly-Judge mine at Park City. With Supt. McSorley, he was inspecting the mine, of which he was part owner. He fell a distance of twenty feet, breaking his neck.

Col. Bruback was heavily interested in coal and gold mines and stone quarries in this region. He was 45 years old, a wife and several children survive him. The body was brought to Salt Lake on a special train to-night.

**SIGNAL SCHOOL ON LIBERTY.**  
Government Corps Is to Use the Island for Kite Flying and Ballooning.

The artillerymen now on Liberty Island will be replaced on March 1 by 150 members of the Signal Corps, which will use the island hereafter for a school of instruction. The plan is to have there a school which will compare favorably with the naval schools for instruction in Newport harbor.

It is thought that the island will afford great advantages for signalling, wireless telegraphing and the use of war kites and balloons, except when the wind is in such a direction as to make the Statue of Liberty an obstacle.

**EXPECT TO GET POLITICIANS.**  
14 Italians Arrested for Holding Fraudulent Naturalization Papers.

Fourteen Italians charged with holding fraudulent naturalization papers were arraigned before United States Commissioner Shields yesterday and held in \$100 each for the Grand Jury. The fraud in these cases, Assistant District Attorney Marx said, points to the work of politicians, and in time the District Attorney's office expects to land the politicians themselves. A number of the men are employees of the Street Cleaning Department. There are to be more round-ups of this sort.

**DO NOT DELAY.**  
about making your spring car reservation on the Schenectady Line use Leaver New York daily at 12:45 P. M. Office, 118 Broadway.—Ad.

See mountain of 125 feet formed from the spray at Niagara Falls. Wonderful rock effects. 14 trains a day from New York by New York Central and West Shore.—Ad.

## COREA IS INVADED.

Russians Reported as Far South as Pyongyang.

JAPAN HIDES HER ARMY MOVES. Battle in Northern Korea is Expected Soon.

No Clash Yet, the Japanese Government Declares—Denies Reported Attempt to Land at Pigeon Bay and Repulse by Corvettes—Japan Has Lost No Ship—Russian Cruiser Torpedoed in Last Attack on Port Arthur Fleet Probably the Hayan—Alexieff Reports on His First Defeat—Russia Appeals to the People to Be Patient Under These Early Reverses—Promises Vigorous Blows for Russia's Cause Later.

The Russian army is reported in Corea and moving South toward Seoul, the capital. Wiju, the Korean port at the mouth of the Yalu River is reported occupied. The Russians are said to be also in Pingyang, 100 miles south of the border.

Tokio has reports of this advance, but the movements of the Japanese army are carefully hidden. It is admitted that the garrison at Seoul has been heavily reinforced, but nothing is said of the large army embarked in the last few days at Japanese ports.

A clash between the two armies is looked for soon. Tokio denies that any fighting has occurred yet.

Admiral Alexieff, reporting the first naval engagement at Port Arthur, in which he suffered defeat, offers some excuse in the fact that the enemy's "strength was superior to ours."

The Tokio Government officially announces that it has lost no ships in the engagements thus far and denies that any landings of troops have been attempted at Pigeon Bay, where the Russians were reported to have gained a victory.

Russia has issued a proclamation asking the people to be patient under the present reverses and promising to strike blows worthy of the country before long.

**NO BATTLE YET, TOKIO SAYS.**  
Hears Though That Russians Are in Corea and Moving South.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
TOKIO, Feb. 18.—It is positively denied that there have been any encounters ashore. Although it is reliably reported that the Russians are moving south from the Yalu River, and that a considerable body has occupied a strong position at Pingyang, there is nothing to indicate a contemplated attack on Seoul, where the Japanese garrison has been greatly strengthened during the last few days.

That the Government believes that it will finally control the sea is shown by the manner in which it is moving transports, and the immediately impending resumption of regular traffic between Nagasaki and Chemulpo.

All the Russian passengers on the captured steamers at Sasebo have been released. Some of them were paroled and will remain in Japan. Others will be allowed to leave. They all speak highly of the excellent treatment they received from the Japanese.

The Emperor, in the presence of the Field Marshals and Princes, will to-morrow hand colors to the commanders of the regiments going to the front. His Majesty has given an audience to the captains of the cruisers Miasin and Kasuga, and thanked them for safely bringing the vessels from Genoa.

**WIJU REPORTED OCCUPIED.**  
Russian Force Across the Yalu and in Korean Port.